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AMENDMENTS TO CLAIMS

1. (Previously presented) A method for recovering nylon from a nylon-containing material, comprising:

contacting the nylon-containing material with an alkanol-containing solvent at elevated temperature below 155 °C and at a pressure higher than the equilibrium vapor pressure of the alkanol-containing solvent at the elevated temperature for a dissolution time of 45 minutes or less, thereby dissolving the nylon in the alkanol-containing solvent;

removing the alkanol-containing solvent containing dissolved nylon from any undissolved solids; and

decreasing the temperature of the alkanol-containing solvent containing dissolved nylon to precipitate the dissolved nylon.

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the nylon-containing material comprises a floor covering material.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the nylon is nylon 6,6.
 - 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the alkanol-containing solvent is substantially free of glycols or other polyols.

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- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the alkanol-containing solvent comprises an alkanol selected from the group consisting of methanol, ethanol, propanols, butanols, and mixtures thereof.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the alkanol-containing solvent comprises a mixture of alkanol and water.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the alkanol is present in an amount ranging from about 40 wt% to about 90 wt% of the solvent.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein the alkanol-containing solvent comprises a mixture of about 80 wt% ethanol in water.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the pressure during the contacting ranges from about 250 psig to about 600 psig.
- 10. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the elevated temperature ranges from about 130 °C to about 155 °C.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the elevated temperature is about 145 ° C.

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- 12. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the pressure higher than the equilibrium vapor pressure of the alkanol-containing solvent at the elevated temperature is attained by introducing an inert gas into the reactor.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the pressure higher than the equilibrium vapor pressure of the alkanol-containing solvent at the elevated temperature results at least in part from the pressure head of the alkanol-containing solvent entering the reactor.
- 14. (Canceled)
- 15. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the nylon-containing waste material comprises nylon-containing floor covering materials which comprise carpet or carpet tile, or mixtures thereof.
- 16. (Original) The method of claim 15, wherein the carpet or carpet tile contains nylon 6,6.
- 17. (Previously presented) A method for recovering nylon from a nylon-containing material, comprising:

contacting the nylon-containing material with an alkanol-containing solvent at elevated temperature between about 130 °C and about 155 °C, and at a pressure higher than the equilibrium vapor pressure of the alkanol-containing solvent at the elevated

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temperature, obtained by either introducing an inert gas into the reactor, increasing the pressure head of solvent entering the reactor, or both, thereby dissolving the nylon in the alkanol-containing solvent;

removing the alkanol-containing solvent containing dissolved nylon from any undissolved solids; and

decreasing the temperature of the alkanol-containing solvent containing dissolved nylon to precipitate the dissolved nylon.

- The method of claim 1, wherein the dissolution 18. (Previously presented) time is 37 minutes or less.
- The method of claim 18, wherein the dissolution (Previously presented) 19. time is 23 minutes or less.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 19, wherein the dissolution 20. time is 15 minutes or less.
- (Previously presented) A method for recovering nylon from a nylon-21. containing material, comprising:

contacting the nylon-containing material with an alkanol-containing solvent at elevated temperature between about 130 °C and about 155 °C and at a pressure higher than the equilibrium vapor pressure of the alkanol-containing solvent at the elevated

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temperature, and between about 250 psig to about 600 psig, for a dissolution time less than 45 minutes and sufficient to dissolve the desired yield of nylon, thereby dissolving the nylon in the alkanol-containing solvent;

removing the alkanol-containing solvent containing dissolved nylon from any undissolved solids; and

decreasing the temperature of the alkanol-containing solvent containing dissolved nylon to precipitate the dissolved nylon.